

WEDNESDAY MORNING,

VOL. XXXVII

JANUARY 6, 1919.

LOS ANGELES

Liberty Under Law—Equal Rights—True Industrial Freedom

WRIGHT IS PUT OVER.

Stephens Man to Be Speaker.

Comm. Decides to Accept the Governor's Choice; Legislature Meets Today.

Two of Dry Amendment is in Doubt; Gaudier Claims Senate Majority.

BY HORACE W. KAHN.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 5.—Following a "pass" conference held tonight in the office of Gov. Stephens, the legislature met today for its annual session. The session was opened by the reading of a message from the governor, in which he announced that he had accepted the recommendation of the committee on the constitution, and had decided to accept the governor's choice for speaker.

The committee on the constitution, which was organized by Gov. Stephens, has recommended that the legislature accept the governor's choice for speaker. The committee also recommended that the legislature accept the governor's choice for speaker.

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Where City of London Paid Honor to President Wilson.



Photograph shows banquet room in the Guildhall where the Lord Mayor of London acted as host to President Wilson. Those shown in this photograph are, from left to right: Sir George Cave, Mr. Balfour, Marquis Imperiali, Italian Ambassador; Paul Cambon, French Ambassador; Mrs. Lloyd George, Premier Lloyd George, President Wilson, Lord Mayor of London, the Lady Mayors, Archbishop of Canterbury and Lord Findlay. The photograph was taken as the Lord Mayor was proposing a toast to the King.

HIGH PRICE OF FOOD IS DUE TO CONTINUE.

SOME LINES MAY DECLINE, BUT STAPLES STILL IN GRIP OF WORLD DEMAND.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)
NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—High food prices for many months to come, this is the unmistakable indication at the present time, according to G. Howard Davidson, chairman of the National Agricultural Society.

"Some lines of foods may show a decline," Mr. Davidson said, "but as staples, Americans can make up their mind that the world demand for food is still in the grip of the world war, and that this condition will endure for a long time to come."

"Food prices are just as largely under the control of the European situation as they were a year ago. There are enough hogs coming into the market just now to bring about a decline in the price of meat, and if conditions were usual, and the present outlook is for a surplus of wheat, but the government says the minimum price for wheat and hogs must not be lowered."

"The government, fully conscious of the fact that the world demand for food is still in the grip of the world war, and that this condition will endure for a long time to come, is fully conscious of the fact that the world demand for food is still in the grip of the world war, and that this condition will endure for a long time to come."

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BELIEVES LEAGUE FAVORED

President Accepts Demonstrations as Sign of Europe's Support.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

ROME, Jan. 5.—President Wilson was greatly impressed with the popular reception given him in Europe. Rome's hearty welcome capped the climax of his satisfaction over America's attitude in the war and since the armistice.

It is not going too far to say that the President has interpreted the demonstrations in Paris, London, Manchester and Rome as an endorsement of all that was achieved from the crowds of Paris and Rome, but he believes they mean the same as the cry from the London crowds which meant unmistakably that the people want a nation's world, bound by an agreement to prevent future wars.

The President was struck by the shouts from the London crowds favoring a league of nations which showed to his mind that this question was understood and that the people were anxious to see the league formed.

It is felt by the President that the people of the Allied countries will not be satisfied with a mere peace treaty—what they want is a concrete arrangement insuring them against future wars.

The President is just unable to translate fully the meaning of the demonstrations in his honor. He is still too close to what is taking place to have the perspective which would enable him to see the situation from the outside.

But it may be stressed that the President already is convinced that the aspiration of the people in countries he has visited best in unison with the aspirations of the American people and that the Paris conference must devise the machinery for preventing another world conflict.

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FORMING GERMAN POLICY.

President Wilson Expected to Take Lead in Fixing Fate of Enemy.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

PARIS, Jan. 5.—Among the conservative elements here the trend of thought is running strongly toward some positive constructive policy in Germany. These views do not contain one iota of Germanism. On the contrary it is desired to adopt a policy of cold self-interest from the Allied standpoint.

The question is not one of mercy for Germany, but of how the situation may be best handled for the Allied and world interest. The trend of thought is running strongly toward some positive constructive policy in Germany. These views do not contain one iota of Germanism. On the contrary it is desired to adopt a policy of cold self-interest from the Allied standpoint.

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LEADER OF HUNS DIES.

Von Hertling III Only Six Days.

Germany's Imperial Chancellor During Most of War is Stricken.

Considered Most Learned Man Among High Officials Under Kaiser.

(ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 5.—Count Freiherr Von Hertling, the former Imperial German Chancellor, died Saturday night at Ruhpolding, Bavaria. He had been ill for six days.

Count George F. von Hertling was considered the most learned man of all who have been called to the Chancellery of Germany since 1871. He had won for himself a scholarly reputation before he entered political life and up to 1912, when he became Bavaria's Minister-President, he continued his literary and literary work with political activities.

Von Hertling was appointed Imperial German Chancellor in October, 1917, succeeding Dr. George Michaelis. He resigned last fall and the then Emperor William conferred upon him the order of the Black Eagle and his warm personal friendship with the Kaiser was well known as a writer on Catholicism and political economy.

Von Hertling was a member of the Reichstag continuously from 1875 to 1912 with the exception of the period of 1880 to 1884. He became the clerical party leader in 1909 after the death of Count Hohenhausen. Count Von Hertling, while Chancellor, entrusted Von Hertling, who he considered an able and resourceful diplomat, with negotiations with the Vatican. Von Hertling often was the intermediary between his party and the government.

In the latter months of his Chancellery, Von Hertling was assailed by the Socialists in the Reichstag and the German newspapers, the Socialists charging he had entered the Chancellery with the understanding that he would speak for the whole of the German people, but that he had gone over to the Junkers and represented obsolete ideas.

The press generally attacked the Chancellor as a result of increasing friction between the Berlin and Vienna governments. The feeling of the newspapers was intensified when the Chancellor early in September told the government no possibility of approving a bill for general equal suffrage as it came from the Prussian lower house. The work of the Chancellor was criticized by the press and even by the Chancellor, accusing the government of being responsible for lack of food and clothing for the soldiers.

In his last speeches before the Reichstag, Von Hertling dwelt on the possibilities of peace. These addresses were characterized by the newspapers of Allied countries as "peace feelers" and even were attacked by German writers and politicians as insincere and untruthful.

MEXICAN EXILES SEEK PEACE BELOW BORDER.

(ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

EL PASO, Jan. 5.—Six hundred Mexican refugees of all political factions formed an organization here today to send delegates to Paris during the peace conference.

Delegates will be sent to President Carranza, Francisco Villa, Emiliano Zapata and other leaders in Mexico with a view to obtaining a permanent peace in Mexico and the restoration of all political exiles in the United States and Europe.

The meeting was called by leaders of the refugee colony here. The organization will be known as the "Union de los Mexicanos." An effort will be made to organize similar unions in San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco, where Mexican refugees reside, it was announced.

Speakers were made by Gen. Manuel Landa, a former officer under the Diaz government, who was selected president; Gen. Juan N. Medina, former Chief of Staff of Francisco Villa; Gen. Felipe Carranza, a Zapata leader, and Hilario Lopez, former Governor of the State of Durango. The speakers urged that the proposed union of Mexican refugees be a political or military affair, but confine itself to bringing about peace in Mexico and the restoration of all political exiles.

EXPECT THE CHIEF TO KNOW OF VICE.

(ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 5.—Chief of Police William Young today was found guilty by the Board of Police Commissioners of dereliction of duty in not having knowledge of vice and gambling in St. Louis, and demoted to the rank of police captain. Young has been a member of the police force forty years and chief since 1910.

PROSPERITY FORECAST.

Head of Steel Corporation Says Country Has Five Years of Good Times Ahead.

(ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 5.—Great prosperity for America during the next five years was predicted last night by E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation board of directors, at the annual dinner of officials and employees of the Carnegie Steel Company. Judge Gary said:

"There will be readjustment in prices and wages, too, eventually, but the readjustment in wages will come along with the readjustment in prices and wages. I have no doubt labor will recognize their justice. If employers are fair to labor I have no doubt labor will reciprocate."

Referring to the terms of the settlement upon defeated Germany Judge Gary said: "I want to see Germany punished, but not crippled to the extent that she cannot rehabilitate herself."

MASQUERADES AS MAN. Woman Flees Draft to Avoid Sex Detection, Captured, Committed as Insane, May Not Be Crazy.

(ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 5.—After passing as a man for eight years and fleeing to the desert near here to evade the physical examination, a woman today was found by the military police. She was identified as a woman by the military police. She was identified as a woman by the military police.

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MASH FOR RED BASE.

Our Troops Lead Russian Drive.

Three Battles Necessary to Drive Bolsheviks from Town of Kadish.

Yankees Fight in Two to Four Feet of Snow Against Desperate Enemy.

(ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

WITH THE ALLIED ARMY OF THE DVINA, Saturday, Jan. 4.—American troops, fighting desperately near Kadish, have driven back Bolshevik troops, which made an advance there. The Bolsheviks also launched attacks on the Onega sector and bombarded the Allied front. The Americans came into battle along the Petrograd road and in the frozen swamps that border it. The battle was fought in snow from two to four feet deep.

American forces captured Kadish last Monday after a display of gallantry that evoked the admiration of the Allied commanders. Special care has been taken of the American wounded and the body of an American officer was taken back 100 miles by sledge and then shipped to Archangel for burial.

There were some casualties Monday, but they were small in comparison to those inflicted upon the enemy. Tuesday the Bolsheviks opened a terrific fire from three and six-inch guns and launched a counter-attack against the buildings held by Americans in Kadish. The Bolsheviks were driven back by the Americans. The Bolsheviks were driven back by the Americans.

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ARMY "JUSTICE"
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Lawyer Finds Prussian Military Courts

Commander's Will
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**Bar Association to
Legal Remedies**

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE]
NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—
tration of military justice
United States Army will be
the subjects considered at
annual meeting of the Army

President George T. Foss III., issued a statement in which he declared the demonstrated "that our

laws and our system of treating military justice are of the name of law or justice of the United States, he said, allowing rules copied from 1774, but which were as long ago by Great Britain as were better suited "to the feudal times than to the armies of a modern republic."

Punishments are not only harsh as compared with penalties imposed for like offenses by our criminal courts, he said, they also differ so widely that he found the same offense punished in one court-martial by five years in the penitentiary and

MILITARY CRIME.
 "A boy oversteaying his leave, yielding to a natural impulse to go home for Christmas, is charged with absence without leave and desertion. Disobedience of a superior is seen by a zealous officer in the boy's failure to report to him. In neither case is there any intention to desert or to disobey, but boys have been charged with these crimes."

"The accused soldier was granted a full and complete legal protection. He may obtain a pardon, but the record blotted by a crime of which he never could be accused."

"The negro soldiers who should be shot in Texas executed within a few days were convicted, and there was an opportunity to view of the records of the officers, after being ordered arrested by a young officer, was of military law, and he was to do drill duty with arrest. Their position was concordance with army rules. Nevertheless, they were

These cases were considered in the light of the thousands in which the commanding officer has substituted for law and order the punishment of military officers. Maintenance of military discipline does not require the arbitrary mode of the army in modern times. The organized soldier has the notion of the law thrown aside at every stage of his trial.

"That a soldier in peacetime should have low local regard challenges the attention of the officers of the country. The soldier never will stand by the methods, even in domestic

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the New

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men, women and

MADISON (Wis.) Jan. 5.—
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sent to six months in the ho
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marks.
Felix Marcoullier, Tomah
Master, was fined \$200 w
pleaded guilty to selling h
a Chippewa Indian, Charles C
Lynn Masmer, Janesville, ple
guilty to selling liquor to a
and was fined \$100.

LANSING (Mich.) Jan. 5.—
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HAT LOGA
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Every Picture Tells a Story

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DOZ
Every Day

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JANUARY 6, 1919.—[PART 1]

ARMY "JUSTICE" IS DENOUNCED

Lawyer Finds Prussianism in Military Courts.

Commander's Will Subjected for Country's Law.

Bar Association to Demand Legal Remedies.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—(By A. P. Night Wire.)—The American Bar Association has denounced the military justice system in a resolution passed at its annual meeting in New York.

In making this announcement, the association declared that the military justice system is "a relic of the Prussian system" and that it is "a disgrace to the American people." The resolution also called for the abolition of the military justice system and for the establishment of a civilian court system for the armed forces.

The association's action was taken in response to a report that a military officer had been sentenced to a long term of imprisonment for a crime that was widely regarded as a minor offense. The association argued that such a sentence was "unjust and oppressive."

The association's resolution was passed by a vote of 1,000 to 50. It also called for the establishment of a committee to study the military justice system and to report on its findings. The association's action was widely praised by civil liberties groups and by many members of the legal profession.

The association's resolution was also a response to a report that the military justice system was being used to punish officers who were critical of the government's policies. The association argued that such a use of the system was "unjust and oppressive."

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NEWS OF THE MIDDLE WEST

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

CHICAGO (W.P.A.) Jan. 5.—George W. Bush, a member of the Chicago Police Department, was sentenced to a term of imprisonment for a crime that was widely regarded as a minor offense.

The sentence was imposed by a judge who was widely regarded as a member of the Chicago Police Department. The sentence was widely regarded as "unjust and oppressive."

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sparks from a passing locomotive was responsible. The loss was as yet not estimated. The elevators and contents were well insured.

STILLWATER (Minn.) Jan. 5.—The 1918 tax for the city of Stillwater will be 66 cents, an increase of 14 cents over 1917. Real and personal property in Washington county is listed at \$11,121,268, while in 1917 it was \$10,985,233. The valuation of Stillwater property is \$2,721,234, according to figures reached by County Auditor N. A. Nelson.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.) Jan. 5.—The club owners of the Western League have plans for a 1919 circuit which is to consist of Omaha, Sioux City, Des Moines, and St. Joseph on the north and Joplin, Oklahoma City, Tulsa, and Wichita on the south. The Hutchinson franchise will in all probability be transferred to Tulsa. It is possible St. Joseph club will be shifted there by Chester Hanson and the Hutchinson club be brought here.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.) Jan. 5.—Fred Toney, former pitcher for the Cincinnati "Reds" and the New York Giants, was acquitted in the Federal court on the charge of evading the Selective Service Draft Act. This is the second trial of Toney on this charge. The first case resulting in a mistrial. Toney began this war to serve a four months' jail sentence for violation of the white slave law.

BEMIDJI Jan. 5.—Albert Ueckes, 62 years old, a farmer living near Lavinia, five miles north of here, was killed at Lavinia station when he attempted to cross the tracks in front of a south-bound Minnesota and International passenger train.

MINNEAPOLIS NEWS, PERSONAL GOSSIP.

ST. PAUL (Minn.) Jan. 5.—John Irving, Minneapolis detective, was indicted yesterday by the Hennepin county grand jury on a charge of murder in the first degree for the shooting of Mrs. Gertrude McKnight, who was found dead at his home early December 27.

Chief of Police O'Connor of St. Paul has asked County Attorney O'Brien to make a thorough investigation of the shooting of Benjamin Renshengahn by Detective George P. Dawson on New Year's Day. Chief O'Connor is accused. It is said, by the belief that Dawson will be completely exonerated.

AMERICAN SHIPYARDS BUILD 1882 VESSELS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—American shipyards built 1882 vessels of 2,721,231 gross tons during 1918. Reports of the bureau of navigation of the Commerce Department made public show this total, of which all but 124,000 tons represented seagoing ships, the seagoing steel tonnage alone aggregating 1,861,221 gross tons.

The armistice caused a decided setback in output.

WOUNDS OF AMERICAN MAY CONVICT MEXICAN

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

EL PASO, Jan. 5.—An autopsy was held here yesterday over the body of Private David Troble of New York City, who was killed last Saturday on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande, opposite here. A Mexican Federal physician examined the wounds as if had photographs taken for use at the trial of a lieutenant in the Mexican army, who is under arrest in connection with the killing. Troble's body was found on the Mexican side with two bullet wounds in the head and the face mutilated.

EARTHQUAKE FELT IN A FIFTY-MILE RADIUS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

REDDING (Cal.) Jan. 5.—An earth shock felt in the Millville and Whitmore districts, northeast of here, yesterday, covered a wider range than at first believed, reports received tonight indicate. It is believed the disturbance had a radius of fifty miles, instead of fifteen, as reported.

Houses near the center of the disturbance were said to have been cracked and many residents in the affected region are apprehensive over a repetition.

Many miners in the local district mistook the vibrations for the shock of a heavy powder blast.

STATE'S TRADE SCHOOLS WEAK.

Commissioner Says Lack of Courses Fatal to Study.

Urges Compulsory Attendance at Training Classes.

Education of Non-English Speaking Minors Asked.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 5.—California's whole vocational education programme is in danger of a failure, according to the biennial report just submitted to Gov. Stephens by Dr. Edwin R. Heller, state commissioner of industrial and vocational education.

In California, as elsewhere, school men are struggling to meet the great social demand for vocational education, said the report. They have established classes and secured the attendance of pupils. Now they are confronted with the most difficult problem of all, that of working out courses of study which will really prepare for skilled occupations in California, would safeguard the situation it must provide for more adequate inspection and supervision of industrial and vocational education established under State and Federal acts.

If the vocational training programme succeeds it will mean a return to the high schools of more than 160,000 youths in the State, Dr. Heller said. The number of pupils there will be maintained in the State thirty or forty classes in vocational agriculture and more than 200 classes in trade, home economics and industries.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, \$79,081.75 was expended on vocational education in California, half of this being from the State and half from the Federal government, the report showed. For salaries of teachers of agricultural subjects \$12,125.18 was spent; for salaries of teachers of trade and home economics subjects, \$24,751.25, and for preparing vocational teachers, \$25,444.18.

In line with the report of the special committee of school reorganization, appointed by the State Board of Education, Dr. Heller said approximately half of our children do not complete the elementary schools, approximately two-thirds of the pupils of high school age are not in attendance upon any school; all of these persons need a civic education which will enable them to meet intelligently their responsibilities as future citizens.

Compulsory education to Americanize minors in California who are unable to speak and write the English language is urged by the special committee of school reorganization. This special committee included representatives from the University of California, Stanford University, two normal school presidents, two high school and two elementary school principals and the three State commissioners of education.

Among the radical changes recommended in its report were the reorganization of county rather than the school district administrative unit, the election of county superintendents of education by direct vote of the people and the appointment of county superintendents by such county boards.

In making the report, the committee said it would urge upon the Legislature a bill increasing the amount apportioned by the State from \$15 to \$17.50 per pupil per school year and to increase the county apportionment from \$550 to \$750 per teacher.

These recommendations and others contained in the special committee's report are offered, Wood said, to remedy the situation explained in the biennial report of the State superintendent of education, under which the rural districts have been unable to pay sufficient salaries and therefore have had only the most inexperienced teachers.

GOVERNMENT RATIONS RUSSIAN VOLUNTEERS.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 5.—In recognition of their valuable services against the Bolsheviks, the provisional government has decided to supply volunteer and partisan detachments with food and to support their families. This is the first official recognition of the peasant bands which have been waging strenuous guerrilla campaigns throughout Northern Russia.

President Nicholas Tschakovsky of the government of Northern Russia told the correspondent these bands are doing much to overthrow the Bolshevik regime. There recently was a great uprising of peasants in the vicinity of Nikolai in Volga province, and another party of insurgents blew up bridges on the railway between Vologda and Kotlas. Bolshevik troops were sent to quell these insurrections, but, contrary to Bolshevik reports, the provisional government is informed the revolts are still in progress.

MARE ISLAND GOODS WORTH \$60,000 BURN.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

VALLEJO, Jan. 5.—Equipment valued approximately at \$60,000, which was to have been installed in the new battleship built by the government for Mare Island navy yard workers, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin here last night. The goods were stored in sheds near the railroad yards on the outskirts of Vallejo. According to a watchman, the fire apparently started in a stack of bedding, and soon was beyond control.

Included in the stores was furniture for 400 rooms and twenty apartment-houses, and 40,000 feet of flooring lumber.

Destroyer Flagship Comline Home. (BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.) QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 5.—The United States ship Melville, a destroyer tender, which has been the flagship of the American destroyer squadron based at Queenstown, sailed for New York. A routing send-off was given her.

The Melville will call at Southampton to take aboard additional sailors.



Commercial

LOS ANGELES is the distributing center for the whole Southwest Empire, whose rapid development is assured by the return of peace.

Many Eastern houses make this city their distributing point for Pacific Coast and South American trade. A number of foreign firms, also, as soon as the end of the war was in sight, opened negotiations for establishment of branches here—they, in turn, to represent Los Angeles jobbers in their native countries. Such an arrangement will be decidedly advantageous to the increasing number of Los Angeles manufacturers who have become exporters during the past few years.

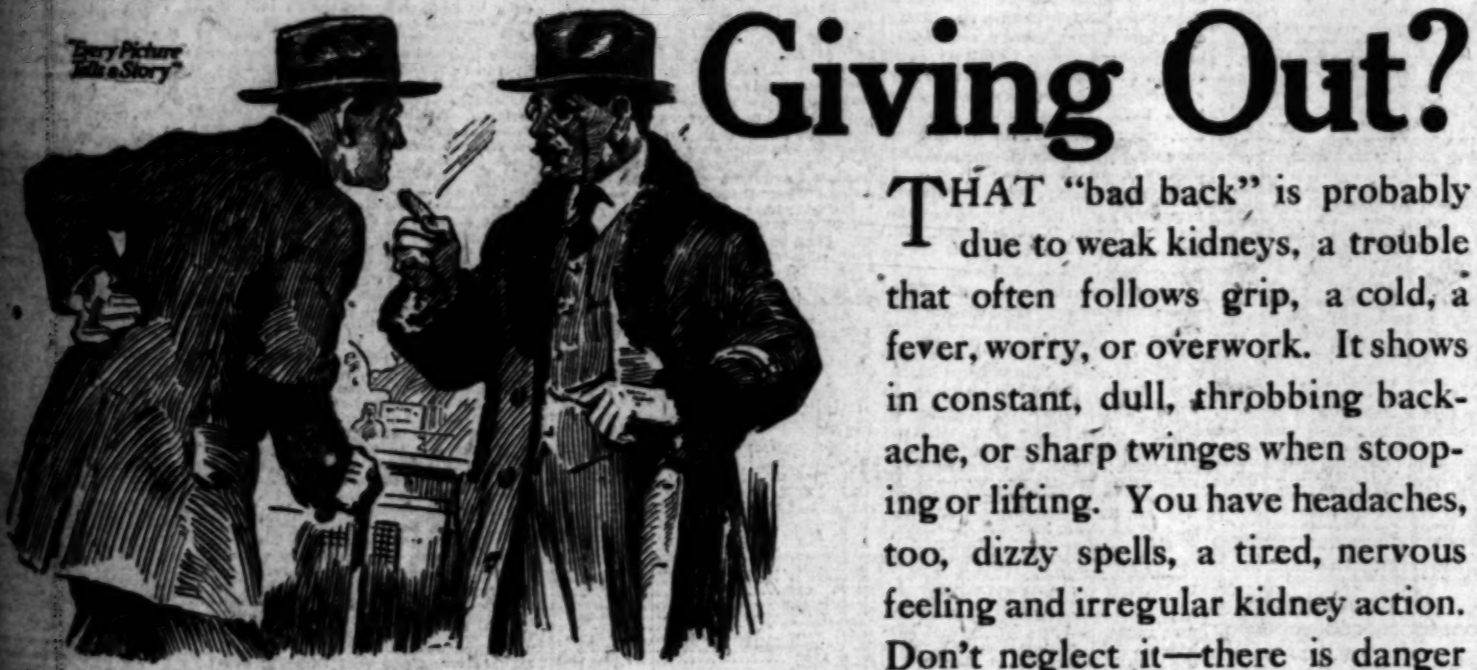
The film industry last year produced for Los Angeles a revenue of approximately \$25,000,000 in goods shipped all over the world. And this is only one of many great industries which assure Los Angeles continued growth as a commercial center of a commercially growing nation.

The Los Angeles Trust and Savings Bank is in close touch with the commercial situation—national and local. Our officers will be glad to give information to those interested.

This series of articles will be issued in booklet form. If you wish copies sent to Eastern friends, call at our NEW ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

LOS ANGELES TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
"The Bank for Everybody"
 Capital \$1,500,000—Surplus \$1,675,000
 SIXTH AND SPRING STS.
 SECOND AND SPRING STS. PICO ST. AND GRAND AVE.
 1535 SOUTH MAIN STREET SEVENTH ST. AND CENTRAL AVE.

Is Your Back Giving Out?



THAT "bad back" is probably due to weak kidneys, a trouble that often follows grip, a cold, a fever, worry, or overwork. It shows in constant, dull, throbbing back-ache, or sharp twinges when stooping or lifting. You have headaches, too, dizzy spells, a tired, nervous feeling and irregular kidney action. Don't neglect it—there is danger of dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease! It is usually easy to correct these early troubles, however, and avoid the more serious ailments by giving the kidneys prompt help. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands have saved themselves serious kidney ills by timely use of Doan's.

Read These Los Angeles Cases:

North Berendo Street	East Eighty-fifth Street	Coronado Terrace
<p>W. Hoffendorfer, retired farmer, 1211 North Berendo street, says: "Some years ago I was troubled with backache and difficulty in passing the kidney secretions. My sensations contained brick-dust sediment and were attended by pain. I feared my trouble would become serious and so I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They brought me quick relief from the backache and cleared up all fault with my kidneys. I have kept Doan's on hand ever since in case of emergency." (Statement dated January 20, 1918.)</p> <p>On September 2, 1912, Mr. Hoffendorfer said: "I am now able to give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit of permanently curing me. I consider them a wonderful kidney remedy."</p>	<p>Mrs. K. A. Greenwald, 220 East Eighty-fifth street, says: "I can testify to the merit of Doan's Kidney Pills. As I used them about three years ago. Doan's freed me of backache, which I blame to kidney weakness. While I had no serious ailments, it was the dull, persistent ache that caused me the most annoyance. Doan's Kidney Pills certainly rid me of kidney trouble and I have had occasion to use them since." (Statement given January 24, 1918.)</p> <p>On May 2, 1917, Mrs. Greenwald added: "I am always ready to say a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me of a weak back and kidney complaint, and that cure has lasted."</p>	<p>Theron W. Hanks, 593 Coronado Terrace, says: "Backache caused me a great deal of annoyance. My kidneys didn't act right and I felt all out of sorts until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They went right to the seat of the trouble, strengthened my back, took away the aches and pains, regulated the passages of the kidney's secretions and acted with benefit to my whole system."</p>
West Twelfth Street	East Pico Street	
<p>Mrs. A. L. Thompson, 1424 West Twelfth street, says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills has been more than satisfactory and I never hesitate to recommend them. Several years ago I was living in St. Louis and my kidneys were giving me an awful lot of trouble. My housework, especially when I had to bend over, was awfully hard, because my back was so lame. Now and then dizzy spells would come over me when everything seemed to whirl around. I felt all out of sorts. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of the complaint and there has never been a return of it since."</p>	<p>M. A. Barge, 929 East Pico street, says: "I suffered from backache and disordered kidneys. While I had no severe or sharp pain, there was a dead aching in the small of my back that annoyed me at all times, but was worse when I was at work. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills and did so. One box made me feel better and two boxes rid me of the trouble so completely. I have never had a return of it."</p>	

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every Druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

If that itching rash delays your work,

Try Resinol

To have your concentration of thought broken by an aggravating skin eruption is annoying not only to yourself, but also to others. The application of Resinol Ointment to the affected part brings welcome relief. Generally after a short treatment the trouble disappears entirely. The ointment is so nearly flesh colored that detection of its use is unlikely. On retiring at night spread thickly and wrap with a clean cloth. This should hasten results.

At all druggists.





The People and Their Trouble

LETTERS TO "THE TIMES."

The Times is a great asset to the community. It is a source of information and a platform for the expression of public opinion. The letters to the Times are a valuable part of the newspaper's content.

Twenty-eight Above Zero.—(To the Editor of the Times.) Permit me to say a word about a subject that is dear to the heart of every Southern Californian. During the past week I heard a lot of complaint on the part of citizens of Los Angeles about the cold weather—and it was only 28 above zero.

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That Land for the Soldiers.—(To the Editor of the Times.) Having spent several years trying to outwit the government in a contest for a quarter section of land, it seems to me that the distinguished California politician, Hon. Franklin D. Lane, ought to make a diagram of the good turn he is going to do the soldier by allowing him to get a piece of unappropriated land in California and elsewhere.

Goodrich Mudd.—(To the Editor of the Times.) The death of Frank Deason, Los Angeles, is a tragedy. He was a man of great talent and a great asset to the community.

Had Sung Around the World.—(To the Editor of the Times.) The death of Frank Deason, Los Angeles, is a tragedy. He was a man of great talent and a great asset to the community.

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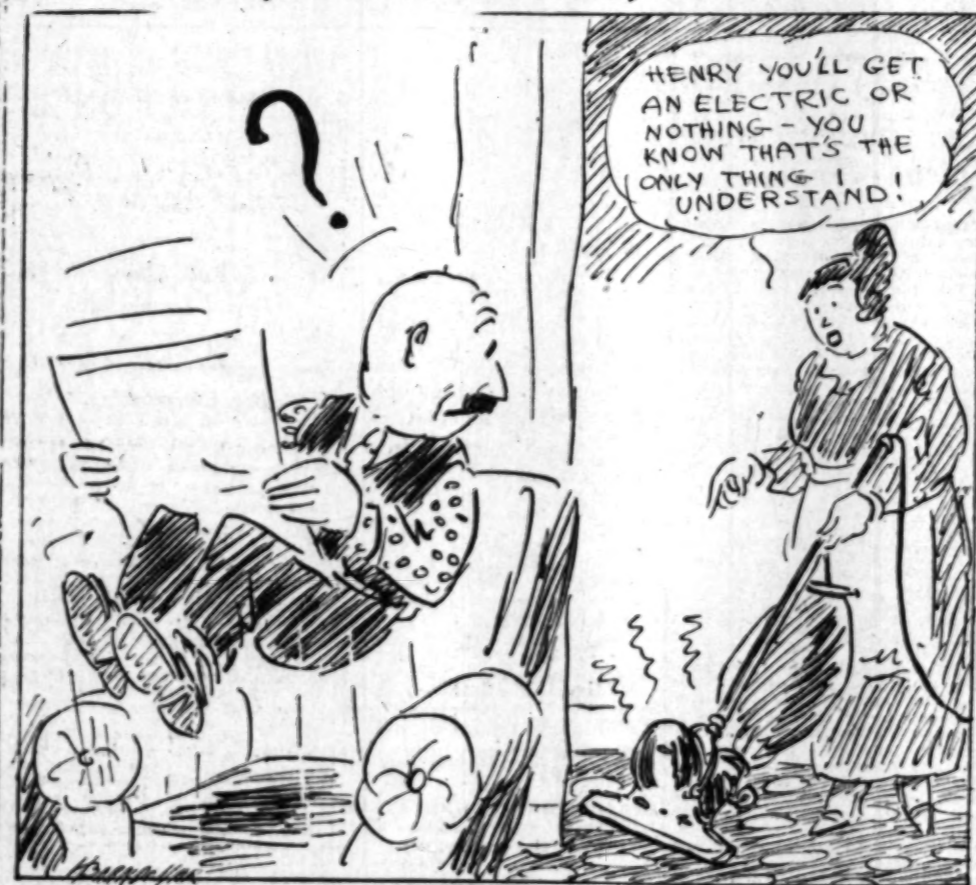
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Henry Had Decided to Buy a Flivver.



MEN OF THE TOWN.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 5, 1919.

Dear Bill: It's quite astounding the way we can shatter our pledged New Year's resolutions, isn't it? Just when you commence to feel your proximity to the Angel Gabriel and aren't a bit afraid of Peter, the Charivari of heaven, along comes your best friend and makes you fall from grace. A lot of us took a tumble on New Year's eve—a lot of us who didn't think we had it in us. And by the way, Bill, did you ever hear of so many "heads" in all your life?

It does seem monstrous how people can manage to do it with the lid on so tight, doesn't it? Christmas was good to Marco Holman, who has always been fond of the classic resolution for preservation in the cornucopia, or in a safety deposit box, or perhaps in the Mayor's pocket.

And Mayor Woodman is perturbed at this low-gravity gasolene the distillers persist in palming off on us. Says he a golfer to start a "clean-up," and that he can't stand having to see his chauffeur struggle with the engine of his car these cold mornings.

Every once in a while, Billy, old top, you see one of those happy, ideally married couples. And marriage so often teaches one to be faithful. Fidelity rather becomes a habit, it seems. At least, it's been so with Arden Day, who in days gone by was quite our gayest bachelor.

Not her a married man, and when men who do a uniform, seemed to have had their own sweet troubles in arriving at a unanimous decision. The subject of the museum was to be at Exposition Park and that the acropolis perched on top of Normal Hill. William M. Bowen wanted an obelisk so tall that none of us could see the top of it. Harrington Brown cried for a glass fountain in Central Park; somebody else craved a hos-

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WRITE "THE TIMES!"

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 4.—(To the Editor of the Times.) Reading some of the letters you publish causes me to burst into rhyme as follows:

If you have a grievance,
Write a letter to the Times.
In your editor's office,
Put just how things ought to be,
Push into print,
So that people of my age
See in all its plainness.

It will help to ease your pain,
To write it out with might and main,
Set forth on the printed page
Words that have weighed the age
Of reform and better state,
Tweak their words of substance
May be all set right.

—ANON TOMOUS.

TAKES HEAVY TOLL.

Two in One Family Die of Influenza and Two Others are Not Expected to Recover.

Influenza has taken heavy toll in the family of Mr. and Mrs. Ebenezer Codling of No. 624 Van Ness street, Santa Ana. Two members of the family are dead and two others are not expected to recover, while another member is at the Los Angeles County Hospital with a new-born baby.

On Thursday occurred the funeral of Willard O. Codling of Santa Ana, who died from influenza contracted while nursing his mother, Mrs. Ruth Codling, Dr. Horace G. Codling of No. 424 Ash street, this city, who had dental office in the Mason building, went to Santa Ana to nurse his brother Willard, and he caught the disease. His death occurred Saturday. Funeral arrangements are being made at the Crease parlors.

Mr. and Mrs. Ebenezer Codling, the parents, who were ill with influenza when their sons died, have both developed cases of pneumonia. Mr. Codling was slightly improved last night, but Mrs. Codling had taken a turn for the worse, and her recovery is matter of doubt. Mrs. Horace Codling, widow of the dentist, gave birth to a baby at the County Hospital the morning after her husband died. Dr. Codling leaves a brother, A. R. Codling, who resides at No. 818 Morton avenue.

APPLIES CROTON OIL TO WRONG SECTION.

Edward J. Nottinaw, 35 years of age, of No. 109 South Hill street, had a pain in the chest and his doctor prescribed a mixture of goose grease and croton oil. Instead of rubbing it on his chest, Nottinaw rubbed it in his eyes, and he staggered into the Receiving Hospital yesterday morning half blinded. Assistant Police Surgeon Zorb coaxed the eyes and alleviated the man's pain.

"MIDWINTER" TO BE OUT JAN. 28.

Great Special Number of "The Times" Better than Ever Before.

The annual Midwinter Number of the Times, better and more beautiful than ever before, will be published on January 28.

Hitherto it has been the custom of the Times to issue this special number on New Year's Day. War conditions, however, combined this year to cause an unavoidable delay in assembling certain vital portions of it.

The Midwinter Number contains exactly the information you desire to send to the folks back East on every phase of life in this favored clime. It is worth waiting for.

Wait for it!

THE DANGER SPOT OF EUROPE

A striking article in this week's LITERARY DIGEST—January 4th—deals with what is likely to be the most acute and difficult problem that the Peace Conference will have to solve—the clashing claims of the Italians and the Jugo-Slavs to the eastern shores of the Adriatic. By direct translation and illuminating digest, the views of the leading publicists and journals of England, Italy, and Austria are given. This very timely article is illustrated by a map of the Adriatic Provinces, showing the territory in dispute between Italy and the Jugo-Slavs.

Other news features of more than ordinary interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

America and Britain Draw Closer Together

Despite Attempts to Foment Discord, There is no "Difference of Principle or of Fundamental Purpose" Between the Two Nations

Hog Island's Lost Millions
A New Weapon Against Child Labor
Will the Soldier Farm?
Shall We Sink the German Fleet?
The Polish Pogroms
Belgium Now a Sovereign State
To-morrow's Air-Travel
The Psychology of Victory
Typewriting on the Sky
No Vitamins in Beer
A New Motor-Fuel
Locating Guns by Sound

The Puccini "Scarlet, Mauve, and Yellow" Triptych
A German Declaration of Independence

What Makes the Movies Popular?
A German Theologian on Conciliation
Reconstruction Work for Quakers
Workers in Defense of the Y.M.C.A.
Armenians in the United States
Current Poetry
Personal Glimpses of Men and Events
News of Commerce and Finance

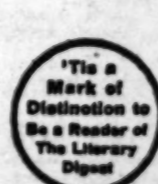
Many Fine Illustrations, Including Cartoons

A New Year's Message to "Literary Digest" Subscribers

Early in 1919 THE LITERARY DIGEST enters upon the thirtieth year of its public service. During these three momentous decades its readers have grown from a small family of local friends and supporters to a vast army numbering more than two millions and scattered over the entire face of the globe. As the New Year dawns, a New Year holding greater promise for humanity at large than any our earth has seen, the

publishers extend to all their readers everywhere greeting and goodwill. They thank you for the appreciation of their efforts you have shown in the past, they trust that THE DIGEST has been found a constructive force for good in our national life, and they pledge themselves to the high task of making it, week by week, more truly worth while to the public that has so generously supported it.

January 4th Number On Sale Today—All Newsdealers—10 Cents



The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

THE MOTHER-IN-LAW IN REAL LIFE.

Who was it, when I was my wife,
Wished me a long and happy life
From trouble free unweaned by strife?
My mother-in-law.

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Who then my little ones prepared
Each morn for school, who for them cared
And all their little sorrows shared?
My mother-in-law.

Who was it, when their prayers were said,
So snugly tucked them in their bed,
And till they slept beside them stayed?
My mother-in-law.

Who was it, when their little ones were said,
So snugly tucked them in their bed,
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tion and management would send that food
box. Evidently the government machin-
ery has slipped another cog.

The welcome to be given the returning
Los Angeles soldiers is in the pot on the
stove of the stove simmering. And the cook
it will be just right.

To raise this amount it will sell at a series of government bonds guaranteed by every dollar of wealth and property in the country, payable five years from

Eat from dishes that have been
 steamed or washed in boiling water.
 Avoid raw milk.
 Avoid the use of medicines
 that contain opiates.
 Keep the intestinal tract open.
 Take every precaution to prevent
 cold.

The California troops are arriving at "an Atlantic port" and will soon be in our midst. Hang the banner on the outer walls and bid them a hundred thousand welcomes.

Sings me a miracle
childhood,
Prophecies: "Dawn
shall emerge!
Out of leviathan bay
morning!"
"Sleep now!" is only
surge.
KATHERINE W. B.

Safe Tax-Free Bonds
Yielding $5\frac{1}{4}\%$ to **5.80%**
Legal for Savings Bank.

PEN POINT

Up here Sacramento.

The lower law, the law of the land.

Why let Germany eat at the table?

A State Legislature now better chance.

What good or ill depends on the Governor.

Speaking of the last article, the making of mice men.

It might be well to add a word to the news from Berlin.

It appears that everybody at that Peace Conference in Clow Quince.

One never hears of a German soldier in his post in Washington.

Germany and Poland will be things up for Peace. Peace is a two-dollar word on the underdog.

Nicholas of Montenegro, that he is still on the throne.

It is now figured out that the explosive taker protects the money further than the soldier does. Another knock on lawyers.

All of the prizes commended by the government have been named. New the calendar is a thropier ought to put at least a dish for a nickel.

The promise is now made there will be plenty of money.

The London Secretary of the Treasury is still at large.

Who was it that said the had been eliminated by the Treasury?

If England is to be paid by soldiers overseas to prevent being overrun by the Hun.

While Director-General "reforming" the government of the roads, why doesn't he do some about the travelers who put him to bed?

A plan for commemorating soldier heroes of the war, a plan for the highways of the United States.

Generals and ask him to think of a President only converted by the season warlike tend a conference of the twenty-two nations, to be held in real estate in the Buckle.

A yellow sky hangs over the clouds, the colors of the rainbow.

Which little which swirls in a motion?

Up in the sky-way, heart-beat, the air.

They are the arrow-heads, blue and narrow.

Shooting, pursuing, the colors, the rainbow.

The sun seeds a dream, the sun seeds a dream.

Little red, golden clouds, about gayly.

North, where the mountains are, the sun-deep.

Dark takes a terrible shape, shape with his jaw!

The colors, the rainbow, the colors, the rainbow.

When we a miracle back from childhood.

Prophesies: "Dawdler" shall emerge!

Out of leviathan leap the "Dawdler"!

"Dawdler" is a sorry creature.

KATHERINE W. MCKEE

LIBERTY BONDS

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WOULD RETAIN EXCHANGE PLAN.

Unified Pipe Line Control is Urged by Operators.

Say it will Eliminate Much Sea Transportation.

Also Favor Plan of Handling All Oil Stocks as One.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

BAKERSFIELD, Jan. 3.—Kern county operators are now urging the continued pooling of all tankers and all stocks of fuel and refined oil at California tidewater and at outside sales stations on a straight exchange basis, as has been the system under Federal Fuel Administration control.

During the life of the Pacific division of the Fuel Administration, directed by D. M. Folsom, transfers of oil were made under three different forms of exchange.

For example, in order to balance the increased production of oil in Southern California and the decline in the northern field, the pipe line of the General Petroleum Corporation, from Tebec, Los Angeles, to the Pacific coast, was made practically idle during the whole of last year, and the production of the Kern River field was delivered through pipe line to the Santa Fe at Mojave. The General delivered also to the Standard Oil Company its light oil production in the Belridge and Lost Hills fields for transportation north to the Avon refinery, and has purchased from the Associated the heavy oil production of the latter company in the Maricopa and Midway districts. This was delivered through pipe line to the Santa Fe at Mojave. The General delivered also to the Standard Oil Company its light oil production in the Belridge and Lost Hills fields for transportation north to the Avon refinery, and has purchased from the Associated the heavy oil production of the latter company in the Maricopa and Midway districts. This was delivered through pipe line to the Santa Fe at Mojave.

The Union Oil Company delivered to the Southern Pacific at Bakersfield the heavy oil from the Producers' agency in the Kern River field in return for an equal value of light oil produced from Southern Pacific fuel oil department lands in the Midway. The Southern Pacific and the Associated also exchanged on an equal value basis light oil for heavy crude. The Standard has exchanged with the Union the Standard's controlled production in the Santa Maria field for equal quantity of refined crude in the San Joaquin Valley, and has purchased from the Union an additional amount of light oil.

MEANS SAVING. These exchanges—which are also typical of others of temporary duration—have eliminated, it is pointed out, the pumping of oil in opposite directions in parallel lines, and have given the refineries around San Francisco Bay a pipe-line delivery of light, refined oil, which they could not otherwise have obtained without the use of steam transportation. Operators in Kern county believe that a great saving could be made by continuing this system. Other exchanges included fuel oil and gasoline in storage at tide-water stations, eliminate cross movements of ships. In case of shortage at any sales station, of either fuel or refined products, direct transfer was made from the storage of any company having available stocks in that district.

ANOTHER EAGLE WELL FLOWS SALT WATER.

COMPANY MAKES UP LOSS, HOWEVER, BY TURNING ON OTHER "GUSHERS."

With the loss of the greatest oil well in the world, that of the Aguila (Eagle) Oil Company, at Potrero del Llano, there has also occurred the suspension of production of the Alazan well of that company, situated in the same field. Both of these wells are flowing nothing but salt water, and have been completely abandoned. All hope that the salt water flow in the big well was a temporary interruption of the oil production was abandoned several days ago. For a time some oil was mixed with the salt water, and the flow was turned into settling tanks with the view of saving the oil. What little oil was left in the flow, however, soon disappeared entirely. Just how disastrous the salt water flow may prove to other wells in that region remains to be seen.

Although the loss of these two big wells is a severe test to the Aguila Oil Company, the decrease in production has already made up by turning on some of the company's wells situated in the Amata district, the Narantes No. 4, which is giving a daily output of 54,000 barrels of oil. The Narantes No. 4, brought in four years ago by the Aguila Oil Company, and is said to have a capacity of 100,000 barrels a day. It was immediately capped, however, and was then closed down until a few days ago.

The Aguila Oil Company plans to release the flow of another big well which it owns in the Chiriqui district as soon as the necessary pipe-line facilities can be provided for handling the product. This well, known as Chiriqui No. 1, its latest test showed it to have a potential capacity of about 75,000 barrels a day. It was brought in some time ago, but has never been called upon to give forth any of its yield. (Wall Street Journal.)

Quartzite Rock.

KINGMAN (APRIL) Dec. 26.—Q. Please test sample, under separate cover, for what it is in it.

A. Iron oxides, including magnetic iron ore, in the sample; lime present, with more or less zinc-lead and manganese.

Goldfield Spearhead

Is reported to have uncovered a vein six feet wide of \$350,000 ore.

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Stock & Bond Brokers

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Largest Organization of No Charge in the World

STANDARD OIL'S GROWTH RAPID.

Development in California Told in Figures.

Functions in this State Form Complete Enterprise.

New Agent is Used Here to Make Lubricants.

Considered either physically or financially, Standard Oil of California during the nearly eight years since the dissolution of the parent concern has had one of the most remarkable growths of any of the former subsidiaries, and its prospects are no less conspicuous than its achievements. Of all the Standard organizations, it is the only one operating in American petroleum that has retained on a large scale all the functions of a complete enterprise, production, transportation, refining, marketing. It leads all the Standard units in production. Its refining capacity is exceeded only by Standard of New Jersey and Indiana, the second having recently doubled its capacity.

By the use of a new agent, Standard of California is making the best lubricants obtainable. By the invention and development of the service station, it has brought the Standard's profits in gasoline from 50 or 60 per cent. to 10 per cent. These achievements have been made in the face of the most difficult competition encountered by any of the Standard units, and its growth has occurred in the world far removed from large centers of consumption.

ITS ANNUAL RUN.

In 1917, Standard of California produced 14 per cent. of its annual run; in 1917, 10 per cent. As its annual runs conform pretty closely to changes in annual production of oil, the Standard's growth of Standard production compared with State production is exhibited by the two percentages. Its daily average output in 1917 was 54,000 barrels. Fraile Oil and Gas, the big Standard produced of the Midway district, was not pushed. Its production figure, but for a few credits with about 25,000 barrels a day in the two States where its chief operations are centered.

Annual production of Standard of California and average daily pipe-line runs for a period of years follow:

Year	Annual Production (Barrels)	Average Daily Pipe-Line Run (Barrels)
1917	14,000,000	54,000
1916	12,000,000	45,000
1915	10,000,000	35,000
1914	8,000,000	25,000
1913	6,000,000	15,000
1912	4,000,000	10,000
1911	2,000,000	5,000
1910	1,000,000	2,500
1909	500,000	1,250
1908	250,000	625
1907	125,000	312
1906	62,500	156
1905	31,250	78
1904	15,625	39
1903	7,812	19
1902	3,906	9
1901	1,953	4
1900	976	2
1899	488	1
1898	244	0.5
1897	122	0.25
1896	61	0.125
1895	30	0.0625
1894	15	0.03125
1893	7	0.015625
1892	3	0.0078125
1891	1	0.00390625
1890	0.5	0.001953125
1889	0.25	0.0009765625
1888	0.125	0.00048828125
1887	0.0625	0.000244140625
1886	0.03125	0.0001220703125
1885	0.015625	0.00006103515625
1884	0.0078125	0.000030517578125
1883	0.00390625	0.0000152587890625
1882	0.001953125	0.00000762939453125
1881	0.0009765625	0.000003814697265625
1880	0.00048828125	0.0000019073486328125
1879	0.000244140625	0.00000095367431640625
1878	0.0001220703125	0.000000476837158203125
1877	0.00006103515625	0.0000002384185791015625
1876	0.000030517578125	0.00000011920928955078125
1875	0.0000152587890625	0.000000059604644775390625
1874	0.00000762939453125	0.0000000298023223876953125
1873	0.000003814697265625	0.00000001490116119384765625
1872	0.0000019073486328125	0.000000007450580596923828125
1871	0.00000095367431640625	0.0000000037252902984619140625
1870	0.000000476837158203125	0.00000000186264514923095703125
1869	0.0000002384185791015625	0.000000000931322574615478515625
1868	0.00000011920928955078125	0.0000000004656612873077392578125
1867	0.000000059604644775390625	0.00000000023283064365386962890625
1866	0.0000000298023223876953125	0.000000000116415321826934814453125
1865	0.00000001490116119384765625	0.0000000000582076609134674072265625
1864	0.000000007450580596923828125	0.00000000002910383045673370361328125
1863	0.0000000037252902984619140625	0.000000000014551915228366851806640625
1862	0.00000000186264514923095703125	0.0000000000072759576141834259033203125
1861	0.000000000931322574615478515625	0.00000000000363797880709171295166015625
1860	0.0000000004656612873077392578125	0.000000000001818989403545856475830078125
1859	0.00000000023283064365386962890625	0.0000000000009094947017729282379150390625
1858	0.000000000116415321826934814453125	0.00000000000045474735088646411895751953125
1857	0.0000000000582076609134674072265625	0.000000000000227373675443232059478759765625
1856	0.00000000002910383045673370361328125	0.0000000000001136868377216160297393798828125
1855	0.000000000014551915228366851806640625	0.00000000000005684341886080801486968994140625
1854	0.0000000000072759576141834259033203125	0.000000000000028421709430404007434844970703125
1853	0.00000000000363797880709171295166015625	0.0000000000000142108547152020037174224883515625
1852	0.000000000001818989403545856475830078125	0.00000000000000710542735760100185871

